

Chapter 60Conservation Biology

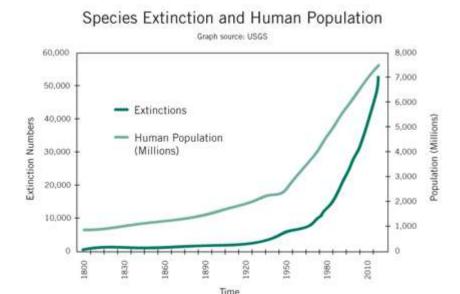
QOD



• In your opinion, what are the most significant threats to biodiversity?

Biodiversity crisis

- Extinction ~ natural phenomenon, however, rate is of concern.....
- Major Threats:
- Habitat destruction ~ single greatest threat; cause of 73% of species designation as extinct, endangered, vulnerable, rare; 93% of coral reefs
- Competition by exotic (nonnative) species ~ cause of 68% of species designation as extinct, endangered, vulnerable, rare; travel
- Overexploitation ~ commercial harvest or sport fishing; illegal trade



Biodiversity: Human welfare

- 25% of all medical prescriptions
- Genetic variability
- Aesthetic and ethical reasons
- Species survival



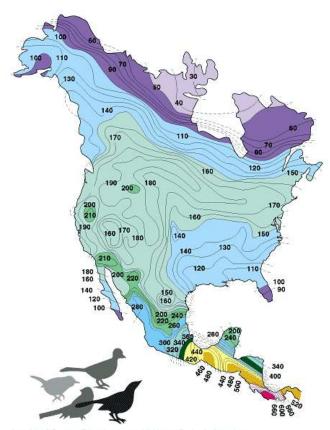
Conservation biology focus

- Preservationism: setting side select areas as natural and underdeveloped
- Resource conservation: public lands to meet the needs of agriculture and extractive industries, i.e., "multiple use"
- Evolutionary / ecological view: natural systems result from millions of years of evolution and ecosystem processes are necessary to maintain the biosphere



Geographic distribution of biodiversity

- Energy availability ~ solar radiation
- Habitat heterogeneity ~ environmental patchiness
- Niche specialization ~ narrow resource range specialization
- Population interactions ~
 complex population interactions



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Population & species level conservation

- **Biodiversity hot spot**: small area with an exceptional concentration of species
- Endemic species: species found nowhere else
- Endangered species: organism "in danger of extinction"
- Threatened species: likely to become endangered in the foreseeable future
- Bioremediation: use of living organisms to detoxify polluted systems

FUNDING ALLOCATED FOR ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT AND NUMBER OF SPECIES LISTED

